



Economic Development Committee
Sustainability Sub-Committee

Helping Save the Earth by:

- *Community Awareness of environmental impacts*
- *Identifying efficiency and cost reduction measures available to the community*
- *Providing guidance and information on where to get available services and expert help*
- *Organizing efforts to implement environmental friendly measures for our community*
- *Helping the Milton community do its part in a world wide effort to minimize climate change due to current environmental impact measures*



Economic Development Committee
Sustainability Sub-Committee

Presents

Current Environmental issues of today

How we as a community can be part of the solution



Economic
Development
Committee
Sustainability
Sub-Committee

Help
Save
The
Earth

What will be covered in this presentation:

What is Happening & What Can We Do?

- You've heard it all before
 - However, we plan on presenting the issues a little differently
- Why is this discussion different
 - Skepticism is healthy, we are entitled to our opinions
 - Identification of the facts & objective evidence on the issue
- Review the Highlights of the Issues
 - Resource Consumption, Pollution, Rising Temperatures
Consequences of climate Change (Economic & Environmental Impacts)
- Discuss possible actions
 - Getting more efficient, Adapting to change, Reducing effects on the environment
- Discuss Specific Actions
 - Educate the community on the issue & what can be done to Reduce the environmental & Economic impacts



*Economic
Development
Committee
Sustainability
Sub-Committee*

Highlights

What is being said:

The Earth is in Trouble



*Economic
Development
Committee
Sustainability
Sub-Committee*

The results of environmental changes that are taking place.

- Rising Temperatures
- Rising CO₂ Levels
- Rising Sea Levels

How are we influencing the environmental changes

- We are polluting the air and waters
- We are consuming our resources at an alarming rate

Evidence is apparent in the Oceans

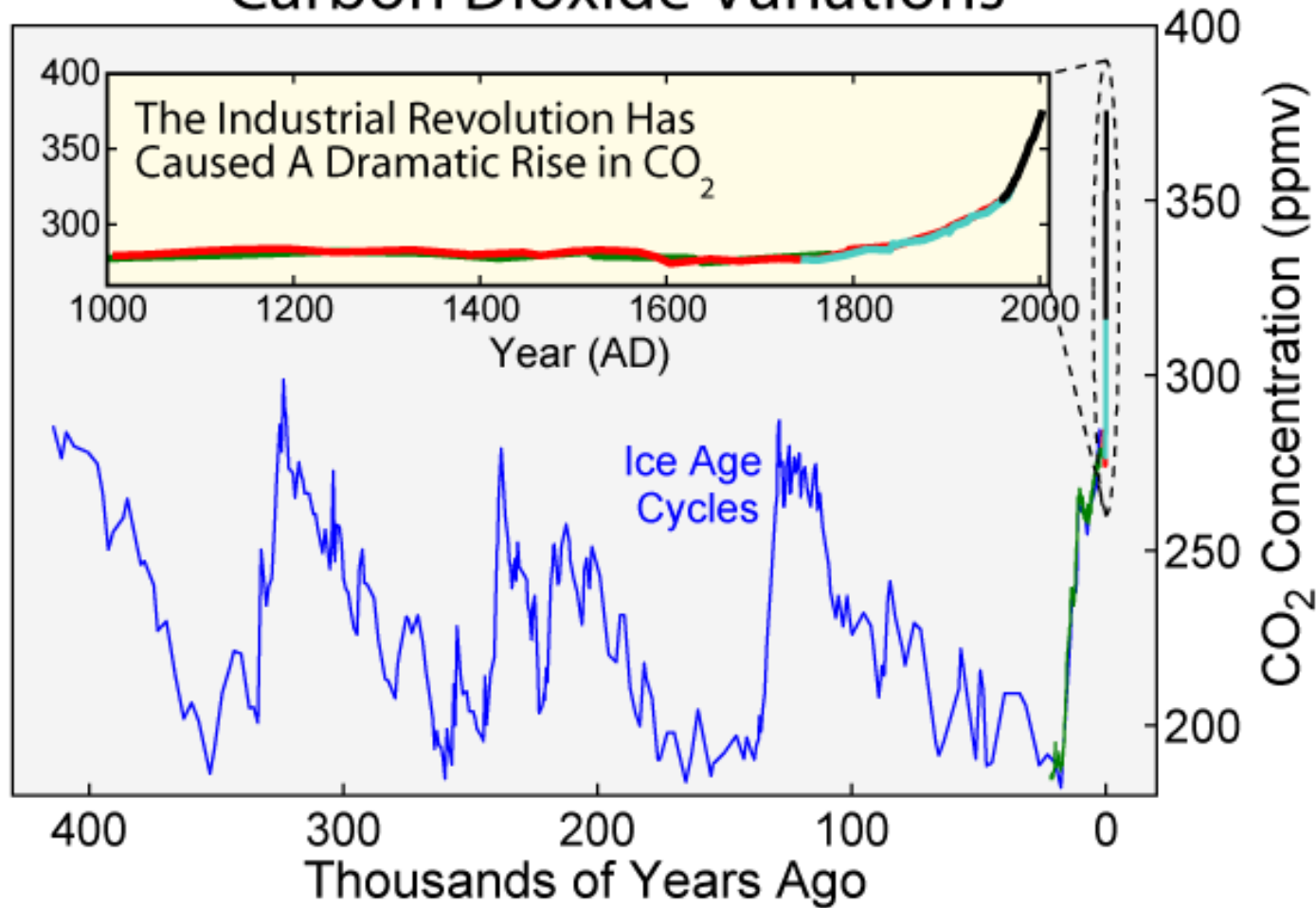
- Trash in the Ocean
- Beach Erosion
- Loss of Coral reefs

Highlights

Rising CO₂ Levels

- Graphs of Co2 Levels

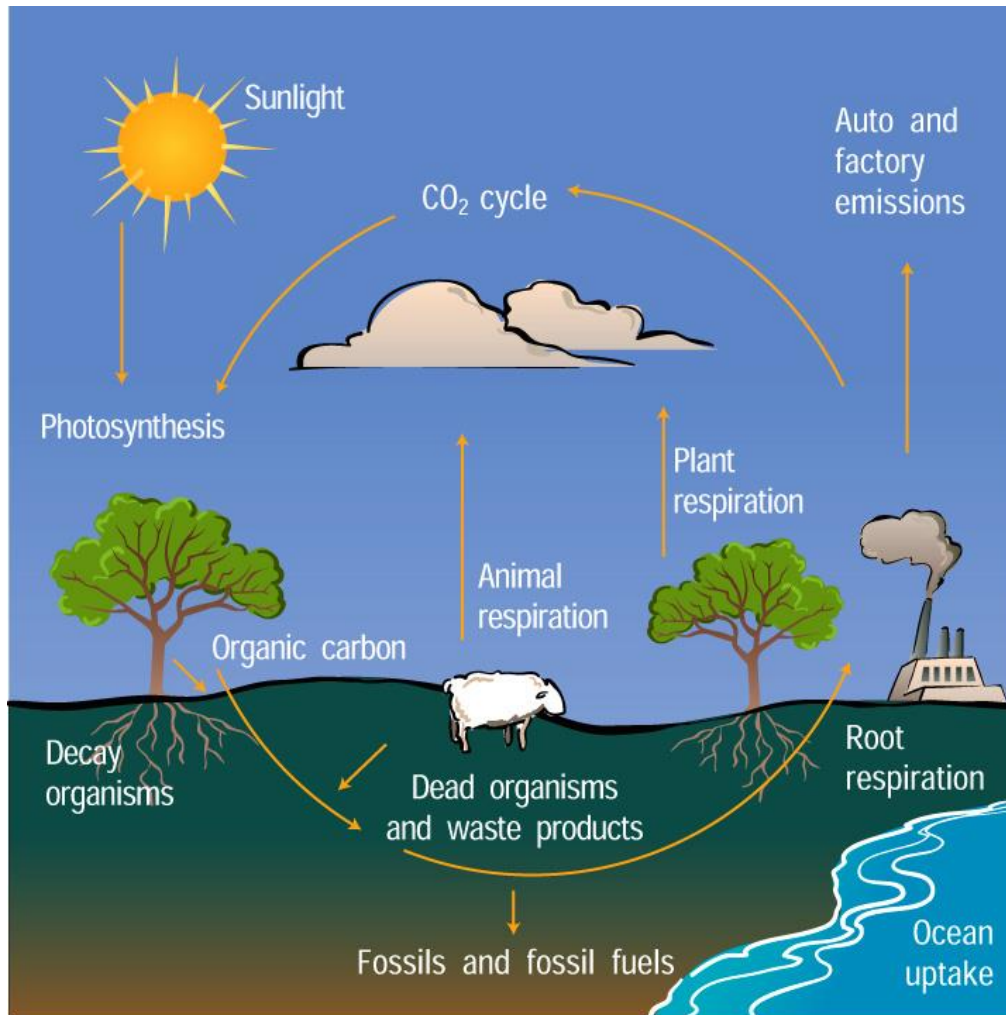
Carbon Dioxide Variations



Highlights

CO₂ Cycle is being affected

- Rising CO₂ - Factory, Transportation, Energy Plant Emissions
- Deforestation

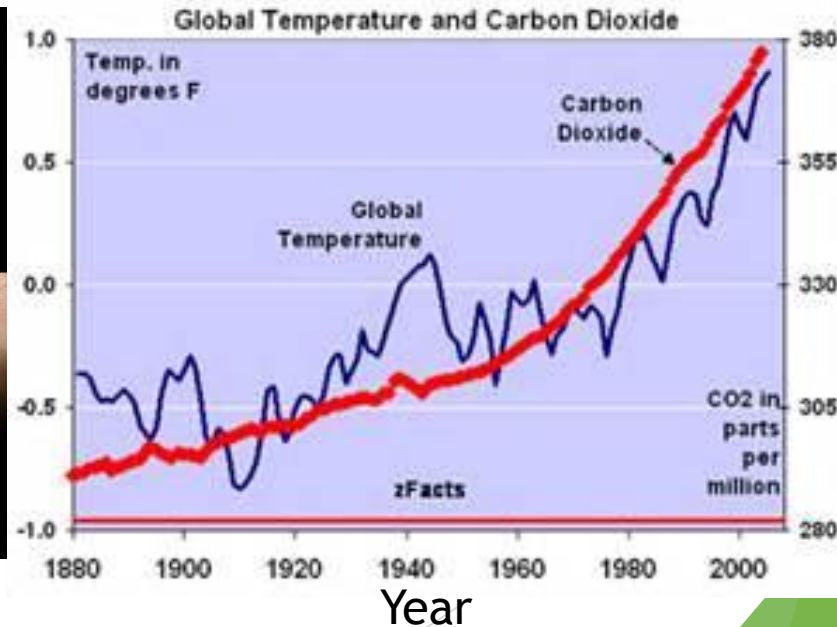


Highlights

Rising Temperatures

- The best estimate is that about 50% of the observed global warming is due to greenhouse gas increases.
- 2015 was the hottest year ever
- Climate scientists are coming to the conclusion that human activity is causing the climate to change
- Studies indicate that recent years, the 1990s, and the 20th century are all the warmest, on a global basis, of at least the last 1000 years.

National Climatic Data Center NOAA - National Oceanic & Atmospheric Administration



Highlights



*Economic
Development
Committee
Sustainability
Sub-Committee*

Gases other than CO₂ make up nearly 20% of U.S Greenhouse gas emissions

Highlights

Other Greenhouse Gases

Methane: Similarly to CO₂, the majority of methane emissions come from the energy sector. Agricultural emissions and waste management emissions are also large sources of methane.

Nitrous oxide (N₂O): The largest source of N₂O emissions is agriculture, primarily from soil fertilization and animal waste management.

High-GWP gases: Common gases with high global warming potential include hydrofluorocarbons (HFCs), perfluorocarbons (PFCs), and sulfur hexafluoride (SF₆). These gases are commonly used as refrigerants, aerosols, and solvents. Although concentrations have decreased since 1990, total emissions of high-GWP gases have continued to increase steadily since 1990. This is due to increases in HFC use; HFCs are being used to replace chlorofluorocarbons and other ozone-depleting compounds. High-GWP gases are much more potent than CO₂ in terms of their abilities to trap heat in the atmosphere, and persist in the atmosphere for thousands of years



*Economic
Development
Committee
Sustainability
Sub-Committee*

Highlights

Consequences of rising Temperatures

- Melting Glaciers / Ice Caps and disappearing sea ice.
- Sea level rise
- Effects on species migration
- General climate change, Changing weather patterns
- Severity of Storms



*Economic
Development
Committee
Sustainability
Sub-Committee*

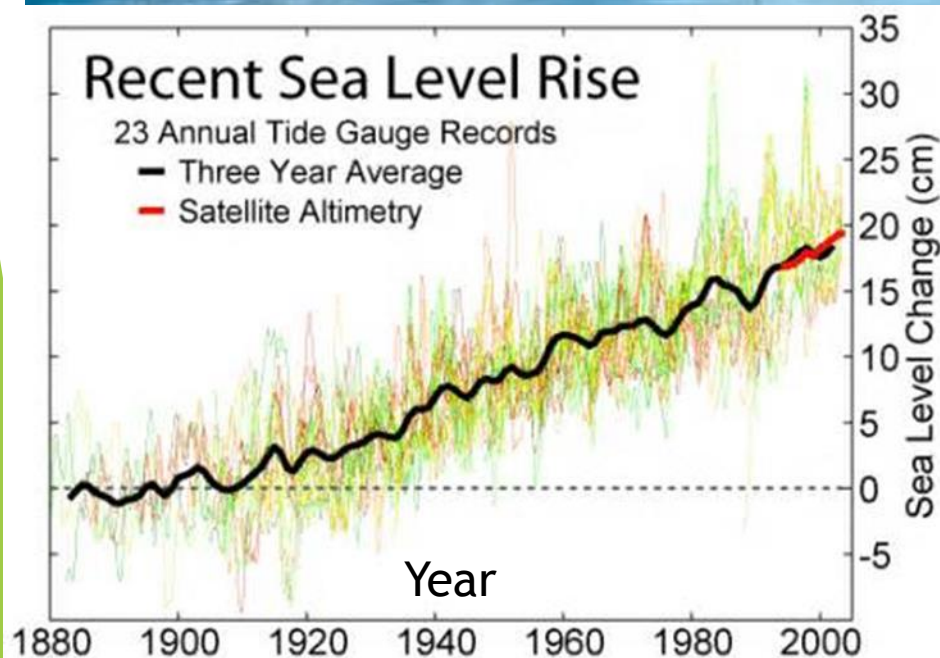


Fig. 1. Spatial extent of 1- and 6-m potential future sea-level rise along the East and Gulf coasts of the United States and for selected major coastal municipalities. Elevation and connectivity to the ocean determine sea-level rise extent. Proportion of land area within municipalities coincident with sea-level rise extent determines percentage of susceptible area. The U.S. Geological Survey and Census Bureau provided elevation and municipality boundary data, respectively.

Highlights

Consequences of climate change

- Economic Costs (health, property, and environmental clean up)
- Environmental Impact
- Social – Areas / Communities effected by Change
- Agriculture Impacts – Weather pattern changes
- Forced Life Style Changes due to climate economic impact & area displacements



Highlights

Consequences of climate change

Short Term - Next 20 years

- Weather
- Sea Level Rise Consequences

Long Term – Next 50 years

- Population Displacements
- Agricultural Impacts
- Sea Level Rise Impacts

Long Term – Next 100 years

- Nobody is talking about beyond 100 years
- What will the projected population Displacement be?
- How much Cost will there be for mitigation?
- How much land will be lost due to rising sea levels?

A new **World Bank report** shows that climate change will make **water** supply more erratic and uncertain, with severe consequences on economic growth and political stability



**THE
WORLD
BANK**



*Economic
Development
Committee
Sustainability
Sub-Committee*

Highlights

Climate change is our problem as individual, as a family, as a community, nation and world body

- There are consequences of not acting now
- This generation has to start the solutions
- Our obligation is to the future generation

What can you do about it – Plenty.....



*Economic
Development
Committee
Sustainability
Sub-Committee*



Highlights

What can we do?

Go back to the 1940s?

- Not going to happen

Get off the Carbon Cycle

- We have been too slow to stop the climate change momentum. (Resistance to change, World Population growth)
- The market will determine how fast we move

Get more efficient

- We are starting, some progress has been made

This is an area where individuals can have an impact



*Economic
Development
Committee
Sustainability
Sub-Committee*



Highlights

What can we do?

Reduce the population

- This is happening but too slowly
- Cannot be legislated or regulated. Look at China's example

Adapt to the change

- We are starting – Educated nations tend to have decreasing birth rates
- Adaption / migration projects are already in work.
- Progress is too slow and great strides and effort has been made only when disaster forces us to take notice.

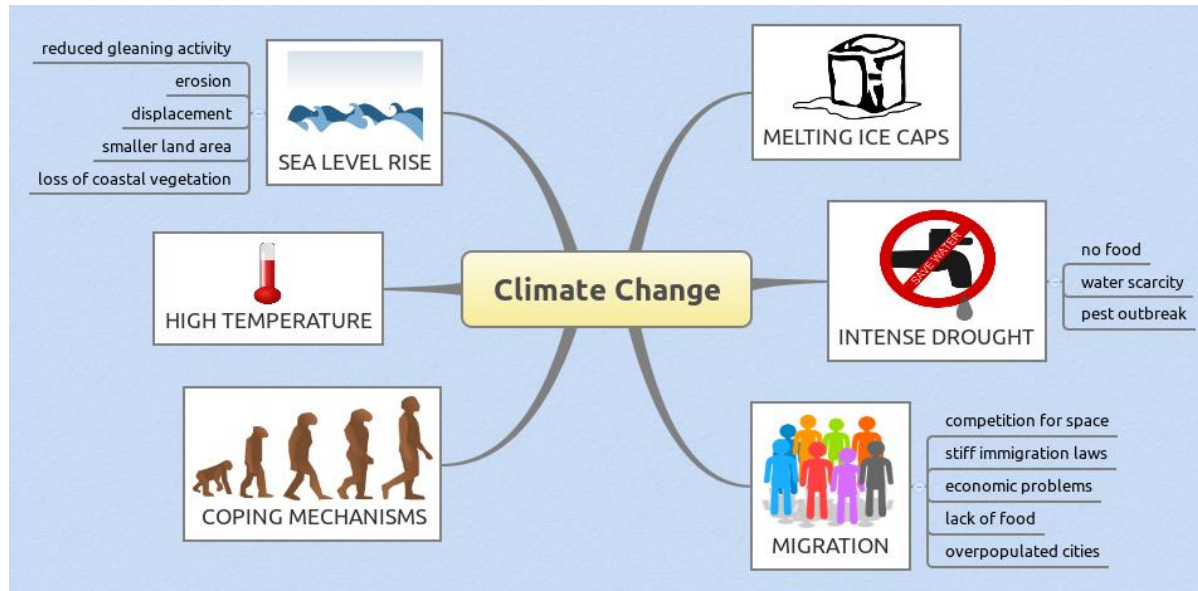
**YOU CONTROL
CLIMATE CHANGE.**



Highlights

What can we do?

- Engineer our way out of the problem
 - Geoengineering is generally frowned upon.
 - We should be spending R&D money to explore possibilities.
World governments should be funding the R&D
Individuals can influence the governments to take action
 - It's complicated. There are climate change winners and losers.
- Get involved and do whatever we can?
 - Grass roots involvement can change public and lawmakers opinions
 - Every little bit helps, everything adds up.



Highlights

What can we do as individuals?

- Every little bit helps
- Conserve Energy
- Have your roof painted white
- Install Solar Panels
- Avoid Plastic
- Conserve Water
- Plant Native Plants
- Recycle & Reuse
Plastic Bottles

All these conservation measures will also save your money and will be help to you do your part to reduce the impact on our Environment.



*Economic
Development
Committee
Sustainability
Sub-Committee*

Highlights

What can we do as individuals?

- Get Energy Audit for your home
- Insulate your home
- Control Thermostats
- Install efficient appliances
- Get efficient Cars
- Drive less
- Take advantage of programs that are available Through Delmarva Power, DEIPL, Etc.

Energy-Saving Tips

1. Replace light bulbs with CFLs
2. Unplug electronics when not in use
3. Adjust your thermostat 5° higher
4. Load up dishwasher until full
5. Keep cool with ceiling fans
6. Power down your computer
7. Wash clothes in cold water



*Economic
Development
Committee
Sustainability
Sub-Committee*

How Your Home Uses Electricity



Source: 2009 Buildings Energy Data Book, U.S. Department of Energy, Table 21.5. Represents an all-electric home. Updated February 2011.

Highlights

Sustainability

- Is satisfying current needs without sacrificing future Well-being through the balance pursuit of ecological and economic welfare.



*Economic
Development
Committee
Sustainability
Sub-Committee*



Highlights

Join us to help make Milton Green - Individually or as an organization

- Get the word out
- Start by doing small things
- Changing minds. If only to convince people that what they do can make a difference
- Monitoring the river
- Maintaining or Web Site
- Manning our booth at events, distributing information

We want to make Milton known for its Sustainability Initiatives

We are looking for assistance from other individuals and organizations
Please join the effort!



*Economic
Development
Committee
Sustainability
Sub-Committee*

Closing Thoughts:

We are passengers on Spaceships earth

There is no way to get off

We are fouling our nest and it is getting worse

Help Milton be part of the Solution

Contact the Milton Sustainability Committee
to see how you can help and get involved.



*Economic
Development
Committee
Sustainability
Sub-Committee*